What Marylanders Think About Drugs and Crime

Winter 1998 Maryland Household Opinion Poll

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CESAR

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PREFACE

Since 1990, the Center for Substance Abuse Research (CESAR) has arranged for the Survey Research Center, University of Maryland, College Park, to include questions on drug-related issues in its annual telephone poll of Maryland residents. The Winter 1998 Maryland Household Opinion Poll was administered by the Survey Research Center between December 30, 1997, and March 26, 1998.

Beginning this year, CESAR has included in the survey several questions regarding crime. This addition came at the request of the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention, sponsor of CESAR's participation in the poll. The Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention hopes to use the information to inform its HotSpot Communities Initiative, which began in July 1997, and covers 35 communities across Maryland. The Initiative's goal is to create comprehensive local strategies that reduce crime and the fear of crime throughout Maryland.

The first section of this report describes the survey methodology and the characteristics of the respondents to the survey. Section II presents highlights of the drug-related questions asked in the Winter 1998 poll. Section III compares results from the 1998 poll with similar polls conducted in previous years. Section IV presents highlights of the crime-related questions in the Winter 1998 poll. Section V provides some conclusions. The appendix presents the survey responses, broken down by demographic characteristics of the respondents.

We would like to thank the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention without whose sponsorship this project would not have been possible.* We would also like to thank Martha Kropf, Jennifer Zambernard, and Johnny Blair of the Survey Research Center for administering the survey. Finally, we extend our appreciation to CESAR staff members Bernadine Douglas, Jean Shirhall, and Jonathan Sushinsky for their assistance with this project.

^{*}The views expressed in this report do not necessarily reflect the views of the Governor's Office of Crime Control & Prevention.

I. METHODOLOGY

- The telephone survey was conducted for CESAR by the University of Maryland, College Park, Survey Research Center between December 1997 and March 1998.
- A random sample was drawn of 1,531 adults aged 18 or older and residing in households in Maryland with a telephone.
- Sixty-five percent, or 994, of the targeted households completed the interview; 21% refused; 10% were not contacted; and 4% involved miscellaneous problems. Table 1 presents the demographic characteristics of the 994 respondents.
- Results have been weighted to correct for differences in sample eligibility and to adjust the sample distribution to approximate that of the Maryland population (based on 1990 Census Bureau data) for the following demographic variables: sex, age, education, and race.
- The estimated margin of error for the survey results is ± 3 percentage points.

Table 1 Characteristics of Sample (N = 994)

Characteristic	Percentage (%)*
Sex	
Male	47
Female	53
Race	
White	83
Black	13
Other**	5
Age	
18-24	12
25-34	23
35-44	22
45-54	16
55-64	11
> 65	16
Household Income	10
<\$12,000-\$30,000	16
\$30,000-\$50,000	29
\$50,000-\$30,000	29
\$75,000+	22 21
	12
Don't Know/Refused/Missing Marital Status	12
	57
Married	24
Never Married	
Sep/ Div/ Widowed	20
Education	10
<hs grad<="" td=""><td>19</td></hs>	19
HS Grad	34
Some College	26
College Grad	14
>College Grad	7
Employment	
Employed Full-Time	60
Employed Part-Time	29
Not Employed	11
Region of Residence	
Baltimore City	14
Montgomery County	16
Baltimore County	14
Prince George's County	15
Anne Arundel and Howard Counties	14
Western Region***	12
Eastern Region****	15

^{*}Numbers may not add to 100% due to rounding.

^{**}Includes persons who defined themselves as "Asian" or "another race."

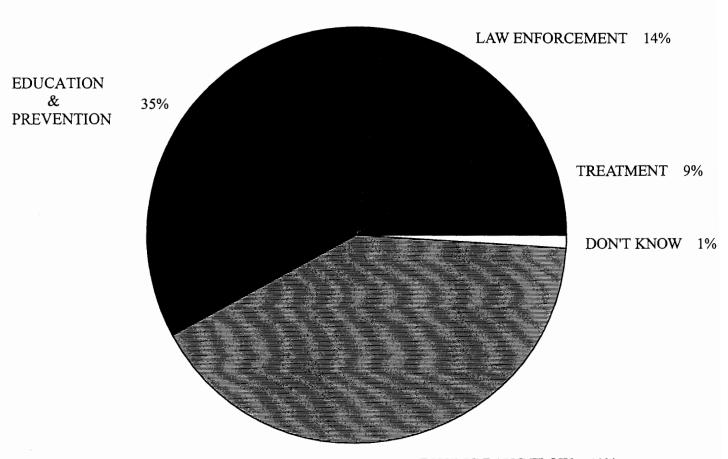
^{***}Includes Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, and Washington counties

^{****}Includes Calvert, Caroline, Cecil, Charles, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, St. Mary's, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester counties.

II. DRUG-RELATED HIGHLIGHTS OF WINTER 1998 POLL

- When asked which programs should receive the most money and effort in the fight against drugs, Maryland residents most often chose reducing the flow of drugs into the country (41%), followed by education and prevention (35%), law enforcement (14%), and drug treatment (9%) (Figure 1).
- Over half (58%) of Maryland residents believe that marijuana is being sold in their neighborhoods, and 41% believe that cocaine is being sold (Figure 2).
- Seventy-one percent of Maryland residents think physicians should be allowed to prescribe marijuana for medical uses (Figure 3).
- Twenty-four percent of Maryland residents think that adults 21 and older should be able to possess small amounts of marijuana for personal use without legal penalty (Figure 4).
- Forty-four percent of Maryland residents believe that those who try marijuana once or twice either greatly or moderately risk harming themselves, while 21% believe that there is no risk at all (Figure 5).

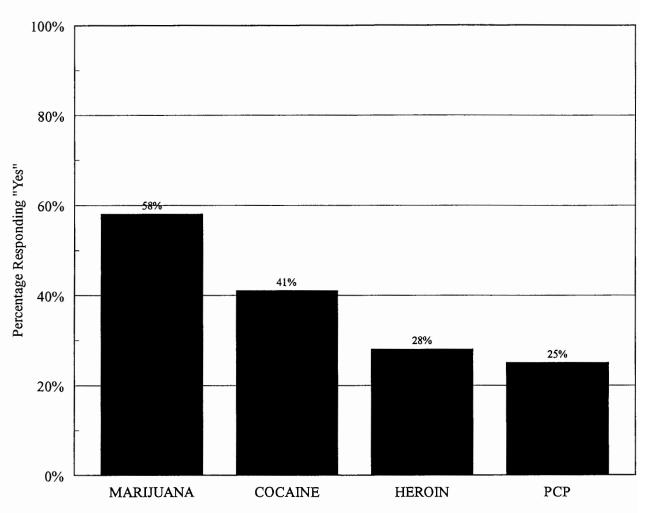
Figure 1
Which of the Following Should Receive the Most
Money and Effort in the Fight Against Drugs?



REDUCING DRUG FLOW 41%

NOTE: N = 994 respondents surveyed December 1997-March 1998. Numbers may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Figure 2
Are Drugs Being Sold in Your Neighborhood?



NOTES: N = 994 respondents surveyed December 1997-March 1998. Cocaine includes crack.

Figure 3

Do You Think Physicians Should Be Allowed to Prescribe Marijuana for Medical Use?

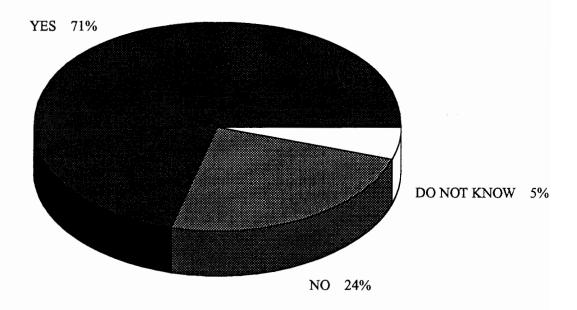
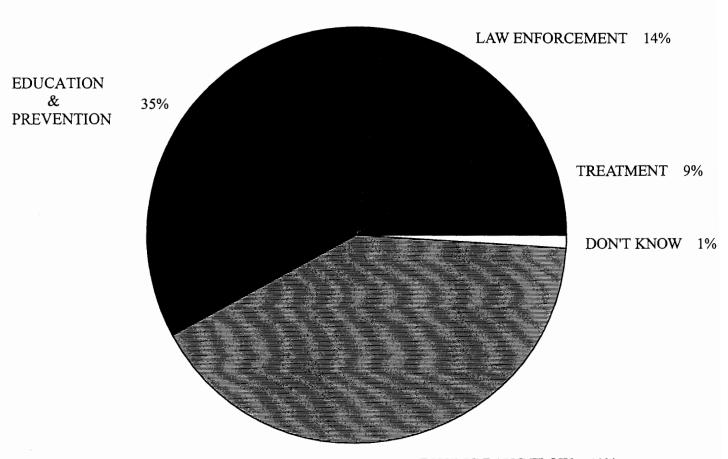


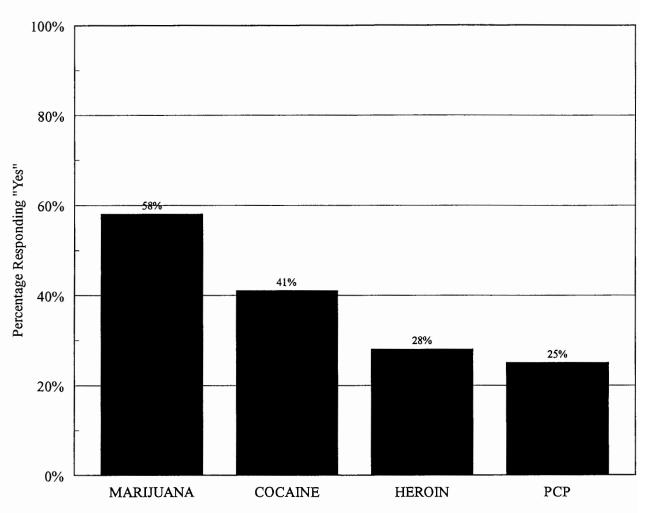
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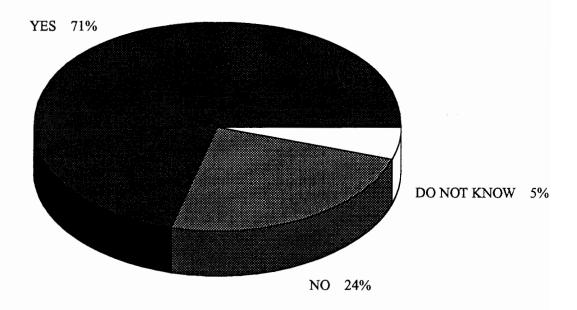
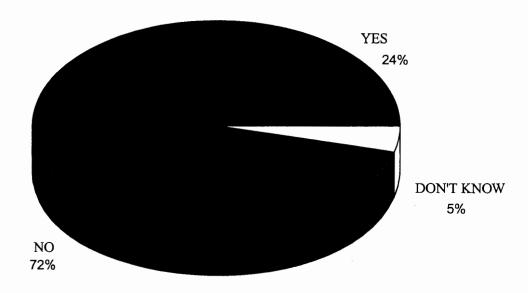
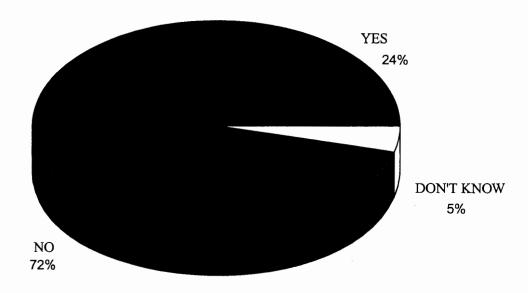


Figure 4
Do You Think Adults 21 and Older Should be Able to Possess Small Amounts of Marijuana for Their Personal Use Without Legal Penalty?



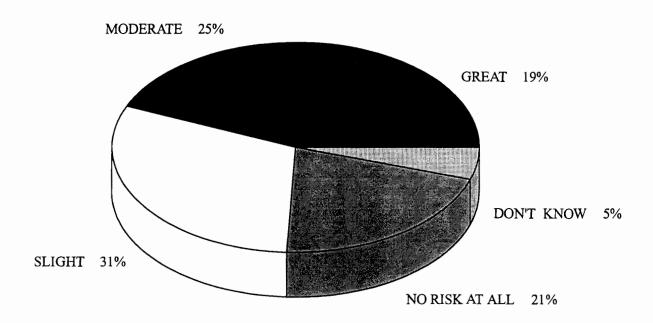
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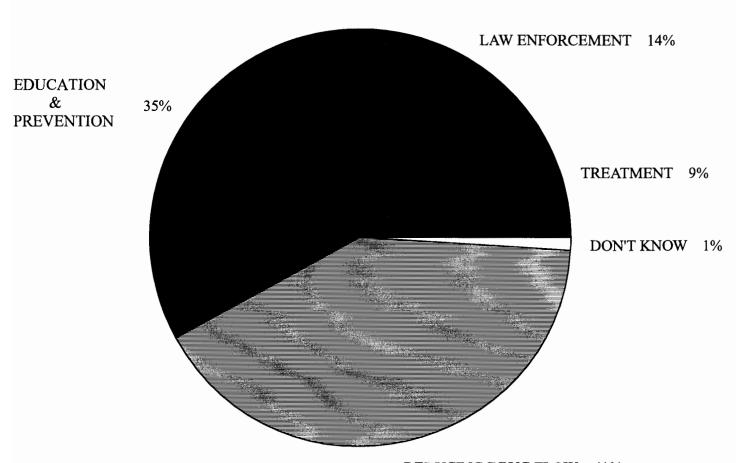
NOTES: N = 994 respondents surveyed December 1997-March 1998. Numbers may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Figure 5
If People Try Marijuana Once or Twice, Do You Think Their Risk of Harming Themselves is Great, Moderate, Slight, or That There is No Risk At All?



NOTES: N = 994 respondents surveyed December 1997-March 1998. Numbers may not add to 100% due to rounding.

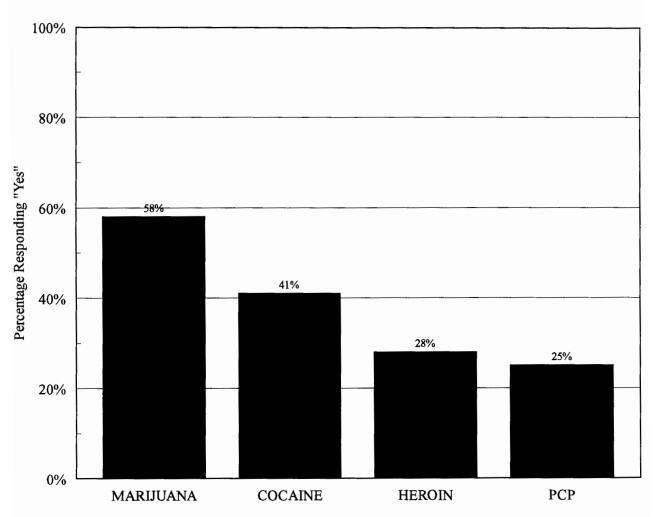
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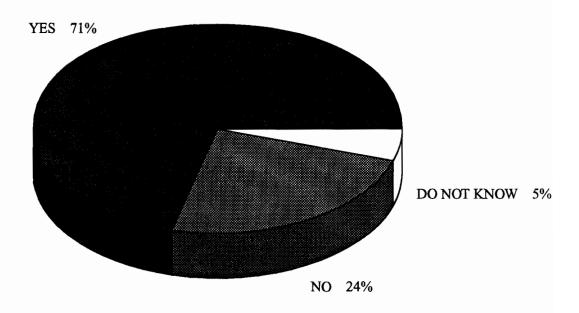
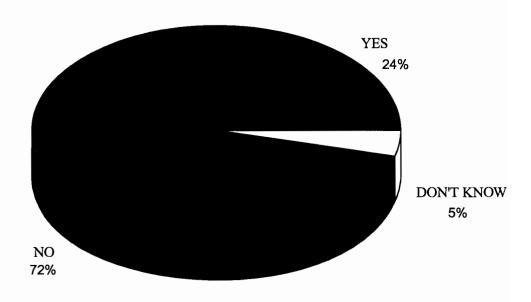
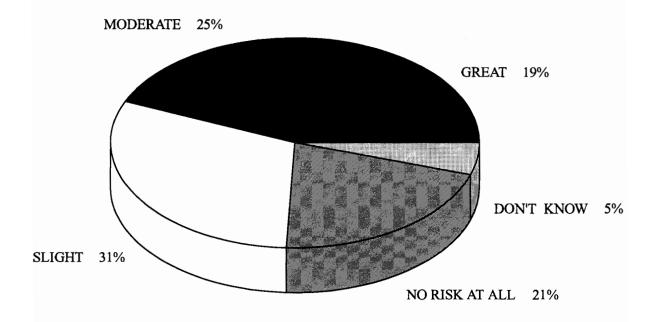


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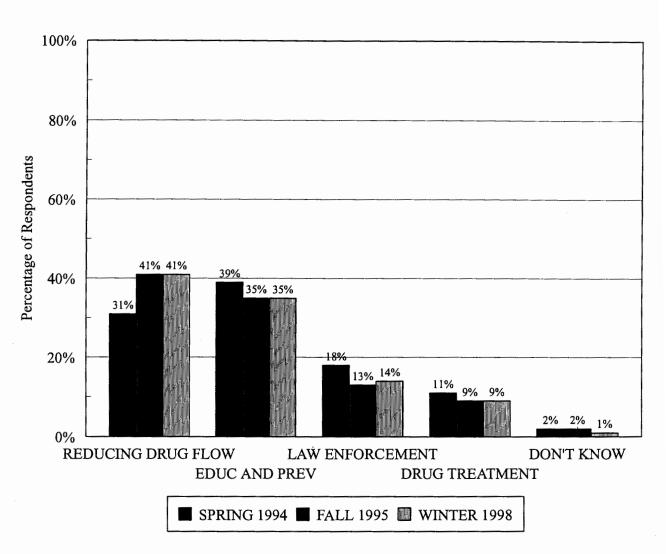
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III. COMPARISONS WITH PRIOR MARYLAND HOUSEHOLD OPINION POLLS

This section compares responses to questions asked in the 1990, 1992, 1994, and 1995 polls. Highlights of these comparisons are presented below. Many of the survey questions have been asked each year, but some questions have been added to the poll since 1990. Thus, comparisons with all questions asked in the 1998 poll were not possible.

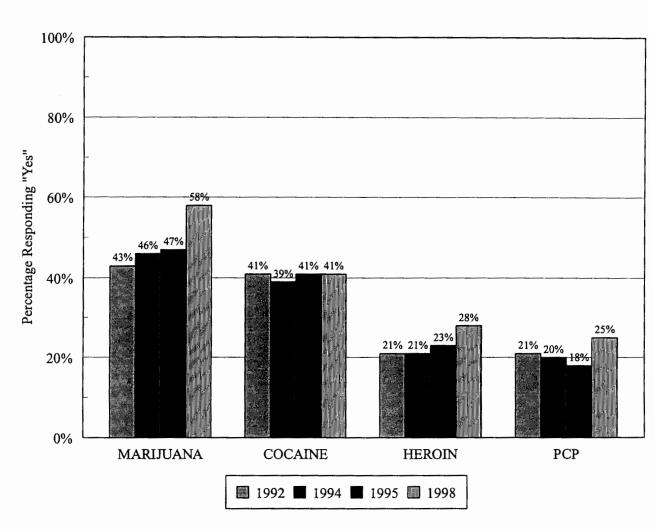
- The largest number of Maryland residents continue to believe that the most money and effort in the fight against drugs should go into reducing the flow of drugs into the country (41%). This trend began in 1995, when respondents shifted their priorities from education and prevention and law enforcement to flow reduction (Figure 6).
- The percentage of Maryland residents who believe marijuana is being sold in their neighborhood has increased from 47% in 1995 to 58% in 1998; the belief that heroin is being sold has increased from 23% in 1995 to 28% in 1998; and the belief that PCP is being sold has increased from 18% in 1995 to 25% in 1998. The belief that cocaine is being sold has remained relatively stable (Figure 7).
- The proportion of Maryland residents who agree that adults 21 or older should be allowed to possess small quantities of marijuana for personal use without legal penalty has remained stable since 1994 (Figure 8).
- From 1995 to 1998, the percentage of respondents who thought that people who try marijuana once or twice are at great risk of harming themselves remained fairly stable (Figure 9).

Figure 6
Which of the Following Should Receive the Most Money and Effort in the Fight Against Drugs?
Spring 1994, Fall 1995, Winter 1998



NOTES: Spring 1994 Poll (N = 1,018 respondents surveyed April-May, 1994). Fall 1995 Poll (N = 1,002 respondents surveyed October-December, 1995). Winter 1998 Poll (N = 994 respondents surveyed December 1997-March 1998). Numbers may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Figure 7
Are Drugs Being Sold in Your Neighborhood?
1992, 1994, 1995, 1998



NOTES: 1992 Poll (N = 1,001 respondents surveyed March-April, 1992).

1994 Poll (N = 1,018 respondents surveyed April-May, 1994).

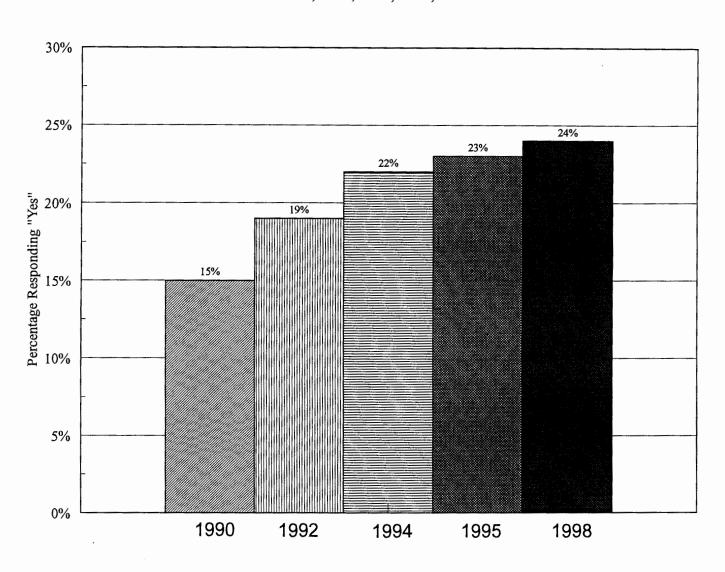
1995 Poll (N = 989 respondents surveyed April-June, 1995).

1998 Poll (N = 994 respondents surveyed December 1997-March 1998).

Cocaine use includes crack.

Numbers may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Figure 8
Should Adults 21 or Older Be Able to Possess Small Amounts of Marijuana for Personal Use Without Legal Penalty?
1990, 1992, 1994, 1995, 1998



NOTES: 1990 Poll (N = 964 respondents surveyed October-December, 1990).

1992 Poll (N = 1,001 respondents surveyed March-April, 1992).

1994 Poll (N = 1,018 respondents surveyed April-May, 1994).

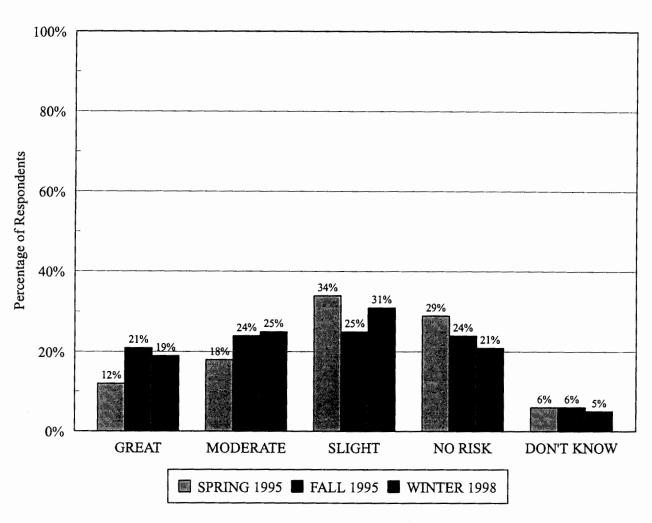
1995 Poll (N = 989 respondents surveyed April-June, 1995).

1998 Poll (N = 994 respondents surveyed December 1997- March 1998).

Figure 9

If People Smoke Marijuana Once or Twice, Do You Think Their Risk of Harming Themselves is Great, Moderate, Slight, or That There is No Risk at All?

Spring 1995, Fall 1995, Winter 1998



NOTES: Spring 1995 Pol1 (N = 989 respondents surveyed April-June 1995). Fall 1995 Poll (N = 1,002 respondents surveyed October-December 1995). Winter 1998 Poll (N = 994 respondents surveyed December 1997-March 1998). Numbers may not add to 100% due to rounding.

IV. CRIME-RELATED HIGHLIGHTS OF WINTER 1998 POLL

- Most (90%) Maryland residents believe that police patrols are effective in preventing crime; 80% believe after-school programs are effective; 65% believe drug treatment programs are effective; and 64% believe the threat of prison is an effective deterrent (Figure 10).
- Twenty-eight percent of Maryland residents know that specific police officers are assigned to their neighborhood; of that number, 8% know their officers' names (Figure 11).
- Nearly one-third (32%) of Maryland residents avoid certain places in their neighborhood after dark because of crime (Figure 12).

Figure 10 How Effective Are the Following in Preventing Crime?

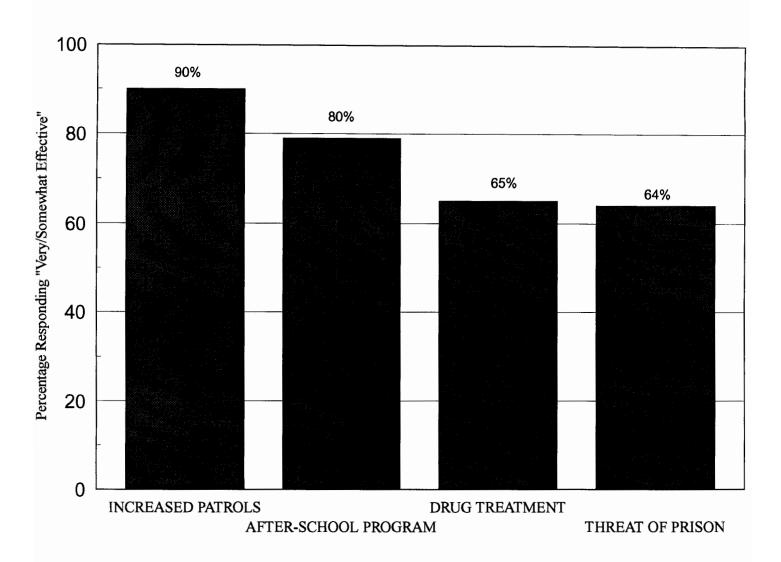


Figure 11
As Far as You Know, Are There Specific Police Officers
Assigned to Your Neighborhood?

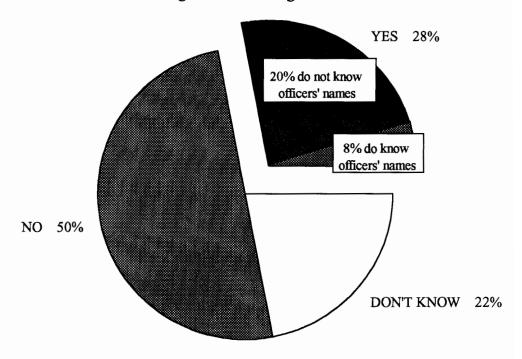
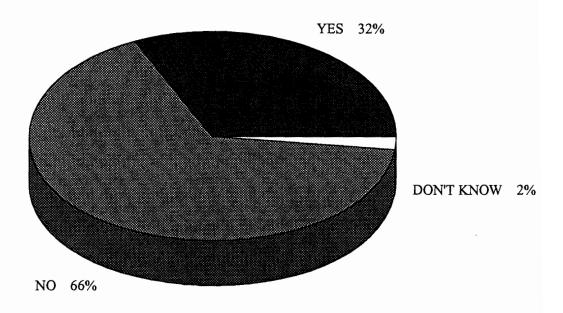


Figure 12
Are There Any Places in Your Neighborhood
That You Avoid After Dark Because of Crime?



V. CONCLUSIONS

- Over one half of Maryland residents think that marijuana is being sold in their neighborhood. The perception that heroin is being sold jumped from 23% in 1995 to 28% in 1998, and the perception that PCP is being sold increased from 18% in 1995 to 25% in 1998. Perceived sales of cocaine remained stable at 41%.
- Nearly one-third of respondents avoid certain places in their neighborhood after dark because of crime.
- While the majority of Maryland residents believe that police patrols are effective in preventing crime, only 28% know of specific police officers assigned to their neighborhood, and only 8% know any of their neighborhood officers' names.
- When asked which programs should receive the most money and effort in the fight against drugs, Maryland residents most often chose reducing the flow of drugs into the country (41%), followed by education and prevention (35%), law enforcement (14%), and drug treatment (9%). However, sixty-five percent of respondents believe that drug treatment is an effective crime prevention strategy.
- The minority (24%) of Maryland residents who support decriminalization of marijuana has remained stable since 1994.
- The medical use of marijuana is supported by nearly three-quarters (71%) of Maryland residents.

Appendix

Survey Responses, by Respondents' Demographic Characteristics

How effective is the threat of prison time in preventing crime?

Variable (N)*	Very Effective (%)	Somewhat Effective (%)	Not Very Effective (%)	Not at All Effective (%)	Depends (%)	Don't Know (%)
Total Sample (994)	18	46	27	8	1	1
Sex Male (472) Female (520)	19 16	49 43	21 31	9 7	2 <1	1 2
Race White (695) Black (241) Other (43)	17 17 23	47 40 43	28 23 14	6 19 21	1 1 0	2 1 0
Age 18-24 (118) 25-34 (214) 35-44 (206) 45-54 (149) 55-64 (107) ≥65 (154)	23 13 13 17 24 21	45 49 50 48 47 38	24 28 28 28 14 28	9 10 7 7 12 7	0 0 2 1 1	0 0 1 0 2 5
Household Income <\$12,000-\$30,000 (162) \$30,000-\$50,000 (290) \$50,000-\$75,000 (218) \$75,000+ (206)	21 17 18 16	37 42 55 50	31 27 22 25	9 12 4 7	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 1
Marital Status Married (555) Never Married (234) Sep/ Div/ Widowed (192)	16 23 14	47 49 40	28 18 30	7 9 10	1 0 2	1 <1 4
Education <hs (139)="" (182)="" (252)="" (333)="" college="" grad="" hs="" some="">College Grad (68)</hs>	20 16 19 15	36 48 42 60 50	23 29 29 20 27	17 6 8 3 6	1 1 1 0 2	4 1 <1 1 2
Employment Employed Full-Time (588) Employed Part-Time (110) Not Employed (281)	16 14 22	49 45 40	28 21 26	6 20 8	1 1 1	<1 0 4
Region of Residence Prince George's (140) Montgomery (159) Anne Arundel and Howard (139) Baltimore County (151) Baltimore City (140) Eastern Region*** (123) Western Region*** (145) *Weighted results, see methodology.	19 16 19 15 19 13 21	53 48 43 48 37 46 45	18 27 27 25 33 33 25	10 7 8 9 10 7 6	1 2 1 1 0 1	0 1 1 3 1 2 3

^{*}Weighted results, see methodology. Ns may not equal total sample because of missing cases.

^{**}Includes Calvert, Caroline, Cecil, Charles, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, St. Mary's, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester counties.

^{***}Includes Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, and Washington counties.

How effective are drug treatment programs in preventing crime?

Variable (N)*	Very Effective (%)	Somewhat Effective (%)	Not Very Effective (%)	Not at All Effective (%)	Depends (%)	Don't Know (%)
Total Sample (994)	17	48	22	6	1	7
Sex Male (470) Female (523)	15 19	52 45	22 21	5 6	2 1	5 8
Race White (803) Black (123) Other (44)	17 20 14	48 46 55	22 20 14	5 8 7	1 1 2	7 6 9
Age 18-24 (118) 25-34 (214) 35-44 (205) 45-54 (147) 55-64 (107) ≥65 (153)	22 11 18 14 22 20	47 58 44 50 49	25 24 23 22 17 17	5 2 3 5 9	0 0 3 0 1	2 4 8 10 3
Household Income <\$12,000-\$30,000 (161) \$30,000-\$50,000 (290) \$50,000-\$75,000 (217) \$75,000+ (206)	21 14 19 17	50 45 56 46	21 26 18 23	4 6 2 6	1 2 1 1	4 8 4 7
Marital Status Married (557) Never Married (235) Sep/ Div/ Widowed (192)	16 23 12	51 46 41	20 22 26	5 4 8	1 <1 5	7 4 9
Education <hs (140)="" (182)="" (253)="" (335)="" college="" grad="" hs="" some="">College Grad (67)</hs>	20 16 15 20 12	48 47 53 39 57	15 25 21 29 16	7 6 5 4 5	3 <1 1 1 2	7 5 6 6 9
Employment Employed Full-Time (587) Employed Part-Time (110) Not Employed (280)	16 21 18	53 42 40	22 21 21	4 4 9	1 0 3	4 13 9
Region of Residence Prince George's (138) Montgomery (159) Anne Arundel and Howard (138) Baltimore County (150) Baltimore City (141) Eastern Region** (122) Western Region*** (145) *Weighted results, see methodology.	24 15 23 10 18 16 14	54 47 45 47 46 43 55	13 23 20 24 26 26 19	3 6 8 10 4 5	1 1 0 1 1 4 1	6 8 4 9 4 6 8

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How effective are after-school programs in preventing crime?

Variable (N)*	Very Effective (%)	Somewhat Effective (%)	Not Very Effective (%)	Not at All Effective (%)	Depends (%)	Don't Know (%)
Total Sample (994)	49	31	7	2	<1	11
Sex Male (471) Female (521)	43 54	35 28	9 5	3	0 1	10 11
Race White (804) Black (123) Other (42)	48 58 43	33 24 26	7 7 7	2 2 17	<1 0 0	11 9 7
Age 18-24 (117) 25-34 (214) 35-44 (205) 45-54 (148) 55-64 (107) ≥65 (153)	56 50 50 49 51 40	27 34 32 31 30 33	13 3 7 5 8 9	1 2 2 3 2 3	0 0 1 0 0	3 10 9 12 10 14
Household Income <\$12,000-\$30,000 (162) \$30,000-\$50,000 (289) \$50,000-\$75,000 (217) \$75,000+ (205)	44 51 51 52	28 33 32 31	9 5 10 3	4 2 1 4	1 <1 0 0	14 10 7 10
Marital Status Married (557) Never Married (234) Sep/ Div/ Widowed (192)	48 52 46	32 33 28	8 6 7	1 3 5	<1 <1 0	11 6 15
Education <hs (139)="" (182)="" (251)="" (336)="" college="" grad="" hs="" some="">College Grad (67)</hs>	55 49 42 52 46	25 29 40 30 36	4 8 8 7 5	4 3 2 0 3	0 1 0 1	13 11 9 10
Employment Employed Full-Time (588) Employed Part-Time (110) Not Employed (281)	51 49 45	32 42 27	7 6 7	2 1 4	0 0 1	9 2 17
Region of Residence Prince George's (138) Montgomery (159) Anne Arundel and Howard (137) Baltimore County (150) Baltimore City (140) Eastern Region** (122) Western Region*** (146)	59 43 47 48 50 51 43	23 36 34 26 29 29 43	6 5 11 10 6 9 2	1 5 2 4 1 2	0 1 0 1 0 1 1	12 10 7 11 13 9

^{*}Weighted results, see methodology. Ns may not equal total sample because of missing cases.

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How effective are increased police patrols in preventing crime?

Variable (N)*	Very Effective (%)	Somewhat Effective (%)	Not Very Effective (%)	Not at All Effective (%)	Depends (%)	Don't Know (%)
Total Sample (994)	57	33	5	3	1	1
Sex Male (471) Female (523)	55 60	34 31	5 5	4 3	2 1	1 1
Race White (802) Black (123) Other (44)	58 54 48	34 28 30	3 11 9	2 7 14	1 0 0	1 1 0
Age 18-24 (118) 25-34 (214) 35-44 (206) 45-54 (148) 55-64 (108) ≥65 (153)	54 59 58 63 53 52	29 33 33 29 37 39	4 2 5 3 7 6	13 3 2 2 1 1	0 2 0 3 0	0 1 2 0 2 3
Household Income <\$12,000-\$30,000 (162) \$30,000-\$50,000 (290) \$50,000-\$75,000 (217) \$75,000+ (205)	56 63 52 55	35 24 42 38	6 3 3 5	3 6 1	0 2 1 2	1 2 1 1
Marital Status Married (557) Never Married (233) Sep/ Div/ Widowed (193)	56 61 55	37 26 29	4 3 9	1 7 4	1 1 1	1 1 2
Education <hs (139)="" (182)="" (253)="" (334)="" college="" grad="" hs="" some="">College Grad (68)</hs>	49 59 60 59 52	32 29 35 36 41	8 4 4 4 4	7 5 1 0	3 2 0 1 2	2 2 0 1 2
Employment Employed Full-Time (588) Employed Part-Time (110) Not Employed (279)	59 51 57	34 32 32	4 6 4	2 10 3	1 0 3	1 1 2
Region of Residence Prince George's (138) Montgomery (159) Anne Arundel and Howard (138) Baltimore County (150) Baltimore City (138) Eastern Region (122) Western Region (145) *Weighted results, see methodology.	61 56 61 57 67 34 61	30 33 32 33 21 49 35	3 4 4 7 4 7 3	7 4 0 1 4 7 0	0 2 2 1 2 2 1	0 1 1 3 1 2

^{*}Weighted results, see methodology. Ns may not equal total sample because of missing cases.

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^{***}Includes Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, and Washington counties.

As far as you know, are there specific police officers assigned to your neigborhood?

Variable (N)*	No	Yes	Don't Know
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Total Sample (994)	50	28	22
Sex Male (472) Female (522)	49 51	30 26	22 23
Race White (803) Black (124) Other (44)	49	27	24
	58	28	14
	43	41	16
Age 18-24 (118) 25-34 (216) 35-44 (206) 45-54 (148) 55-64 (107) ≥65 (153)	42 48 52 52 51 51	25 25 29 28 31 31	33 28 19 20 18
Household Income <\$12,000-\$30,000 (161) \$30,000-\$50,000 (289) \$50,000-\$75,000 (218) \$75,000+ (206)	45	35	20
	52	32	16
	45	29	26
	54	19	27
Marital Status Married (557) Never Married (234) Sep/ Div/ Widowed (192)	49 48 54	29 25 30	22 27 16
Education <hs (139)="" (183)="" (252)="" (334)="" college="" grad="" hs="" some="">College Grad (67)</hs>	48	33	19
	48	29	23
	49	31	20
	57	17	27
	46	22	31
Employment Employed Full-Time (588) Employed Part-Time (110) Not Employed (280)	47	29	24
	52	23	26
	53	28	19
Region of Residence Prince George's (140) Montgomery (159) Anne Arundel and Howard (137) Baltimore County (150) Baltimore City (140) Eastern Region (122) Western Region (146)	39	38	23
	43	25	32
	52	26	23
	57	27	17
	48	24	29
	53	35	12
	56	24	20

^{*}Weighted results, see methodology. Ns may not equal total sample because of missing cases.

**Includes Calvert, Caroline, Cecil, Charles, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, St. Mary's, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester counties.

^{***}Includes Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, and Washington counties.

Do you know the names of any of the officers' assigned to your neighborhood?

Variable (N)*	No (%)	Yes (%)
Total Sample (994)	92	8
Sex Male (471) Female (523)	89 94	11 6
Race White (804) Black (124) Other (45)	91 94 91	9 6 9
Age 18-24 (117) 25-34 (215) 35-44 (205) 45-54 (148) 55-64 (108) ≥65 (153)	90 92 89 93 96 92	10 8 11 7 4 9
Household Income <\$12,000-\$30,000 (162) \$30,000-\$50,000 (289) \$50,000-\$75,000 (217) \$75,000+ (205)	95 90 91 91	5 10 9 9
Marital Status Married (557) Never Married (234) Sep/ Div/ Widowed (192)	91 91 94	9 9 6
Education <hs (139)="" (182)="" (252)="" (334)="" college="" grad="" hs="" some="">College Grad (68)</hs>	93 93 87 96 94	7 8 14 4 6
Employment Employed Full-Time (588) Employed Part-Time (110) Not Employed (280)	91 88 95	9 12 5
Region of Residence Prince George's (139) Montgomery (159) Anne Arundel and Howard (138) Baltimore County (150) Baltimore City (141) Eastern Region**(122) Western Region*** (145)	89 96 89 92 96 86 93	12 4 11 8 4 14 7

^{*}Weighted results, see methodology. Ns may not equal total sample because of missing cases.

^{**}Includes Calvert, Caroline, Cecil, Charles, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, St. Mary's, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester counties.

^{***}Includes Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, and Washington counties.

Are there any places in your neighborhood that you avoid after dark because of crime?

Variable (N)*	No	Yes	Don't Know
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Total Sample (994)	66	32	2
Sex Male (477) Female (522)	77 56	21 42	2 2
Race White (803) Black (123) Other (44)	67	32	1
	58	40	2
	68	27	5
Age 18-24 (118) 25-34 (216) 35-44 (205) 45-54 (148) 55-64 (108) ≥65 (153)	70	29	2
	71	28	1
	63	37	0
	62	37	1
	69	32	0
	66	28	6
Household Income <\$12,000-\$30,000 (162) \$30,000-\$50,000 (289) \$50,000-\$75,000 (218) \$75,000+ (205)	52	43	5
	59	40	2
	75	25	0
	81	19	0
Marital Status Married (557) Never Married (234) Sep/ Div/ Widowed (192)	70 68 55	29 30 42	1 1 3
Education <hs (140)="" (182)="" (252)="" (335)="" college="" grad="" hs="" some="">College Grad (67)</hs>	57	41	2
	67	30	3
	65	35	1
	77	22	1
	73	27	0
Employment Employed Full-Time (588) Employed Part-Time (111) Not Employed (279)	69	31	1
	56	41	3
	65	32	3
Region of Residence Prince George's (139) Montgomery (159) Anne Arundel and Howard (139) Baltimore County (150) Baltimore City (141) Eastern Region***(123) Western Region**** (145)	71	27	2
	70	29	1
	83	17	1
	58	39	3
	31	67	2
	65	33	2
	83	16	2

^{*}Weighted results, see methodology. Ns may not equal total sample because of missing cases.

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^{***}Includes Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, and Washington counties.

Do you think adults 21 or older should be able to possess small amounts of marijuana for their personal use without legal penalty?

Variable (N)*	No	Yes	Don't Know
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Total Sample (994)	72	24	5
Sex Male (469) Female (523)	64 78	32 17	4 5
Race White (800) Black (123) Other (44)	72 67 68	23 29 25	5 4 7
Age 18-24 (118) 25-34 (213) 35-44 (206) 45-54 (148) 55-64 (107) ≥65 (153)	53 68 70 76 80 78	40 29 26 22 16	8 4 4 2 4 7
Household Income <\$12,000-\$30,000 (162) \$30,000-\$50,000 (289) \$50,000-\$75,000 (218) \$75,000+ (203)	67	32	2
	77	18	5
	76	22	3
	60	37	4
Marital Status Married (556) Never Married (232) Sep/ Div/ Widowed (192)	78 56 72	18 39 22	4 5 5
Education <hs (138)="" (182)="" (252)="" (334)="" college="" grad="" hs="" some="">College Grad (68)</hs>	70	24	6
	77	16	8
	68	30	2
	67	31	1
	68	32	0
Employment Employed Full-Time (586) Employed Part-Time (111) Not Employed (279)	69	27	4
	69	25	5
	76	18	6
Region of Residence Prince George's (139) Montgomery (157) Anne Arundel and Howard (138) Baltimore County (150) Baltimore City (141) Eastern Region** (121) Western Region*** (145)	70	22	9
	69	25	6
	66	28	6
	79	17	3
	67	28	5
	73	26	1
	77	20	3

^{*}Weighted results, see methodology. Ns may not equal total sample because of missing cases.

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^{***}Includes Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, and Washington counties.

If people try marijuana once or twice, do you think their risk of harming themselves is great, moderate, slight, or that there is no risk at all?

Variable (N)*	Great (%)	Moderate (%)	Slight (%)	No Risk (%)	Don't Know (%)
Total Sample (994)	19	25	31	21	5
Sex Male (467) Female (522)	14 23	25 25	35 27	24 19	2 6
Race White (800) Black (122) Other (43)	17 27 12	25 26 30	32 25 49	23 16 9	4 7 0
Age 18-24 (118) 25-34 (214) 35-44 (205) 45-54 (147) 55-64 (108) ≥65 (150)	10 12 12 19 20 37	12 22 31 33 22 29	48 36 28 27 34 18	26 29 25 16 18	4 1 4 5 6 5
Household Income <\$12,000-\$30,000 (162) \$30,000-\$50,000 (286) \$50,000-\$75,000 (219) \$75,000+ (204)	23 16 15 14	32 25 24 21	24 34 31 37	18 22 27 27	4 3 4 2
Marital Status Married (553) Never Married (234) Sep/ Div/ Widowed (193)	21 10 24	27 21 22	29 38 28	19 28 22	5 3 4
Education <hs (140)="" (182)="" (251)="" (331)="" college="" grad="" hs="" some="">College Grad (67)</hs>	29 19 14 13	25 27 22 29 19	23 32 30 37 39	18 17 31 19 25	6 5 3 1 5
Employment Employed Full-Time (586) Employed Part-Time (111) Not Employed (277)	14 13 31	24 29 25	36 31 21	23 23 17	4 5 6
Region of Residence Prince Georges (135) Montgomery (159) Anne Arundel and Howard (139) Baltimore County (149) Baltimore City (140) Eastern Region** (122) Western Region*** (145)	25 17 11 17 21 23 18	23 23 34 26 19 25 25	31 34 27 34 30 34 26	16 23 26 14 24 16 30	5 4 2 10 6 3

^{*}Weighted results, see methodology. Ns may not equal total sample because of missing cases.

^{**}Includes Calvert, Caroline, Cecil, Charles, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, St. Mary's, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester counties.

^{***}Includes Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, and Washington counties.

Do you think physicians should be allowed to prescribe marijuana for medical use?

Variable (N)*	No	Yes	Don't Know
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Total Sample (994)	24	71	5
Sex Male (466) Female (522)	20 27	77 66	3 8
Race White (799) Black (123) Other (45)	22	73	5
	29	64	7
	31	62	7
Age 18-24 (118) 25-34 (215) 35-44 (205) 45-54 (147) 55-64 (107) ≥65 (150)	34	62	4
	19	74	7
	19	78	3
	29	66	5
	22	76	2
	24	69	7
Household Income <\$12,000-\$30,000 (162) \$30,000-\$50,000 (287) \$50,000-\$75,000 (217) \$75,000+ (205)	33	61	6
	27	66	7
	24	75	1
	11	86	3
Marital Status Married (554) Never Married (233) Sep/ Div/ Widowed (191)	24	70	6
	25	73	3
	20	73	7
Education <hs (139)="" (182)="" (252)="" (331)="" college="" grad="" hs="" some="">College Grad (67)</hs>	23	74	3
	28	64	8
	25	71	4
	17	81	3
	13	81	6
Employment Employed Full-Time (587) Employed Part-Time (110) Not Employed (276)	23	73	4
	36	60	5
	20	73	8
Region of Residence Prince George's (136) Montgomery (159) Anne Arundel and Howard (138) Baltimore County (148) Baltimore City (140) Eastern Region*** (122) Western Region*** (145)	35	60	5
	16	75	9
	14	86	1
	12	81	7
	32	64	4
	31	62	7
	27	69	4

^{*}Weighted results, see methodology. Ns may not equal total sample because of missing cases.

^{**}Includes Calvert, Caroline, Cecil, Charles, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, St. Mary's, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester counties.

^{***}Includes Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, and Washington counties.

Do you think that marijuana is being sold in the neighborhood where you live?

Variable (N)*	No	Yes	Don't Know
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Total Sample (994)	30	58	13
Sex Male (470) Female (522)	33 27	58 57	10 16
Race White (803) Black (123) Other (45)	30	58	13
	25	60	15
	44	40	16
Age 18-24 (117) 25-34 (214) 35-44 (205) 45-54 (148) 55-64 (107) ≥65 (153)	26	71	3
	35	55	10
	23	68	9
	29	59	12
	36	55	9
	31	43	27
Household Income <\$12,000-\$30,000 (161) \$30,000-\$50,000 (290) \$50,000-\$75,000 (217) \$75,000+ (204)	26	56	19
	31	60	9
	29	61	10
	33	60	6
Marital Status Married (556) Never Married (235) Sep/ Div/ Widowed (192)	31	58	11
	31	60	9
	26	55	19
Education <hs (139)="" (182)="" (252)="" (331)="" college="" grad="" hs="" some="">College Grad (67)</hs>	30	57	14
	31	56	13
	22	68	10
	41	46	13
	32	53	15
Employment Employed Full-Time (588) Employed Part-Time (111) Not Employed (280)	29	60	11
	27	69	5
	34	46	20
Region of Residence Prince George's (139) Montgomery (159) Anne Arundel and Howard (139) Baltimore County (150) Baltimore City (141) Eastern Region*** (122) Western Region*** (145)	43 32 29 21 12 34 39	48 51 63 65 73 53	9 17 9 14 15 13

^{*}Weighted results, see methodology. Ns may not equal total sample because of missing cases.

^{**}Includes Calvert, Caroline, Cecil, Charles, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, St. Mary's, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester counties.

^{***}Includes Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, and Washington counties.

Do you think that cocaine is being sold in the neighborhood where you live?

Variable (N)*	No	Yes	Don't Know
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Total Sample (994)	44	41	15
Sex Male (471) Female (522)	49 39	40 42	10 19
Race White (803) Black (123) Other (44)	45	40	15
	31	55	15
	61	25	14
Age 18-24 (117) 25-34 (215) 35-44 (205) 45-54 (149) 55-64 (107) ≥65 (153)	53	39	8
	49	34	16
	40	50	10
	39	46	15
	41	47	12
	43	33	24
Household Income <\$12,000-\$30,000 (162) \$30,000-\$50,000 (290) \$50,000-\$75,000 (218) \$75,000+ (205)	43	43	14
	40	44	17
	45	43	12
	53	37	10
Marital Status Married (557) Never Married (234) Sep/ Div/ Widowed (192)	44 46 44	42 41 41	15 14 15
Education <hs (140)="" (182)="" (253)="" (334)="" college="" grad="" hs="" some="">College Grad (67)</hs>	45	41	14
	40	45	15
	40	47	14
	59	26	16
	54	31	15
Employment Employed Full-Time (587) Employed Part-Time (110) Not Employed (280)	43	44	13
	53	36	11
	45	35	20
Region of Residence Prince George's (138) Montgomery (159) Anne Arundel and Howard (139) Baltimore County (149) Baltimore City (141) Eastern Region** (122) Western Region*** (145)	54 47 40 35 19 55 59	32 30 48 46 70 33 29	14 23 12 19 11 12

^{*}Weighted results, see methodology. Ns may not equal total sample because of missing cases.

**Includes Calvert, Caroline, Cecil, Charles, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, St. Mary's, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester counties.

^{***}Includes Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, and Washington counties.

Do you think that heroin is being sold in the neighborhood where you live?

Variable (N)*	No	Yes	Don't Know
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Total Sample (994)	51	28	21
Sex Male (471) Female (519)	55 47	28 28	17 25
Race White (800) Black (124) Other (44)	53 34 64	26 43 11	20 23 25
Age 18-24 (118) 25-34 (215) 35-44 (206) 45-54 (145) 55-64 (107) ≥65 (154)	53	29	19
	54	23	22
	50	33	18
	46	37	17
	52	26	22
	52	23	25
Household Income <\$12,000-\$30,000 (158) \$30,000-\$50,000 (289) \$50,000-\$75,000 (218) \$75,000+ (206)	48	33	20
	48	31	20
	54	27	19
	61	23	16
Marital Status Married (557) Never Married (234) Sep/ Div/ Widowed (189)	53	28	19
	52	29	20
	45	28	27
Education <hs (140)="" (180)="" (252)="" (334)="" college="" grad="" hs="" some="">College Grad (67)</hs>	52	26	22
	49	32	19
	46	29	25
	63	19	19
	61	21	18
Employment Employed Full-Time (588) Employed Part-Time (111) Not Employed (276)	49	30	22
	58	33	9
	54	21	25
Region of Residence Prince George's (136) Montgomery (159) Anne Arundel and Howard (138) Baltimore County (151) Baltimore City (141) Eastern Region*** (121) Western Region*** (146)	63	16	21
	55	17	28
	54	35	11
	41	34	25
	19	56	25
	58	26	16
	66	12	21

^{*}Weighted results, see methodology. Ns may not equal total sample because of missing cases.

^{**}Includes Calvert, Caroline, Cecil, Charles, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, St. Mary's, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester counties.

^{***}Includes Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, and Washington counties.

Do you think that PCP is being sold in the neighborhood where you live?

Variable (N)*	No	Yes	Don't Know
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Total Sample (994)	51	25	24
Sex Male (471) Female (523)	58 45	23 26	19 29
Race White (803) Black (124) Other (44)	53	24	23
	37	33	30
	66	16	18
Age 18-24 (118) 25-34 (214) 35-44 (206) 45-54 (148) 55-64 (108) ≥65 (154)	53	32	15
	55	20	25
	51	29	20
	46	30	24
	49	23	28
	55	18	27
Household Income <\$12,000-\$30,000 (162) \$30,000-\$50,000 (290) \$50,000-\$75,000 (217) \$75,000+ (205)	47	27	27
	49	29	22
	57	24	20
	58	22	20
Marital Status Married (557) Never Married (234) Sep/ Div/ Widowed (192)	53 52 45	23 30 26	24 18 29
Education <hs (139)="" (182)="" (252)="" (335)="" college="" grad="" hs="" some="">College Grad (68)</hs>	51 49 45 66 59	22 27 33 12 18	27 25 22 22 22 24
Employment Employed Full-Time (588) Employed Part-Time (110) Not Employed (279)	51	26	23
	52	31	17
	52	19	29
Region of Residence Prince George's (139) Montgomery (159) Anne Arundel and Howard (138) Baltimore County (149) Baltimore City (141) Eastern Region** (122) Western Region*** (145)	53	19	28
	53	17	30
	49	35	16
	45	29	26
	28	43	30
	64	16	21
	68	14	18

^{*}Weighted results, see methodology. Ns may not equal total sample because of missing cases.

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^{***}Includes Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, and Washington counties.

Which one of the following do you think should receive the most money and effort in the fight against drugs?

Variable (N*)	Drug Treatment (%)	Law Enforce- ment (%)	Educ. and Prevention (%)	Reducing Drug Flow into US (%)	Don't Know (%)
Total Sample (994)	9	14	35	41	1
Sex Male (472) Female (521)	8 10	18 11	38 32	35 46	1 2
Race White (803) Black (123) Other (42)	9 11 2	15 11 14	35 33 50	40 45 33	1 1 0
Age 18-24 (118) 25-34 (216) 35-44 (205) 45-54 (147) 55-64 (109) ≥65 (154)	4 6 8 10 11	17 11 22 16 6 13	44 48 33 30 27 25	31 36 36 44 54 48	4 0 1 0 2 2
Household Income <\$12,000-\$30,000 (162) \$30,000-\$50,000 (291) \$50,000-\$75,000 (218) \$75,000+ (204)	7 8 8 10	12 16 12 16	29 31 45 35	53 45 35 38	0 1 0 0
Marital Status Married (556) Never Married (234) Sep/ Div/ Widowed (192)	9 8 8	15 15 13	32 46 30	43 30 47	1 2 1
Education <hs (140)="" (182)="" (252)="" (335)="" college="" grad="" hs="" some="">College Grad (68)</hs>	15 6 5 10 13	6 16 17 18	26 32 39 42 50	52 44 39 30 22	1 2 <1 0 2
Employment Employed Full-Time (586) Employed Part-Time (111) Not Employed (280)	8 3 11	16 10 14	39 36 27	37 46 47	1 5 1
Region of Residence Prince George's (139) Montgomery (159) Anne Arundel and Howard (137) Baltimore County (150) Baltimore City (141) Eastern Region*** (122) Western Region*** (145) *Weighted results see methodology	8 7 15 6 11 12 5	14 13 11 23 16 10	32 44 39 25 29 38 37	42 35 36 44 44 40 46	5 2 0 1 1 1 0

^{*}Weighted results, see methodology. Ns may not equal total sample because of missing cases.

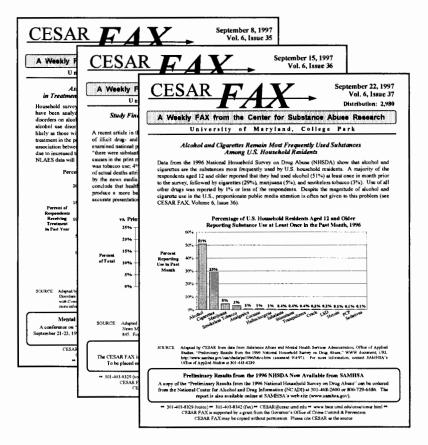
^{**}Includes Calvert, Caroline, Cecil, Charles, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, St. Mary's, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester counties.

^{***}Includes Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Harford, and Washington counties.

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